

COMPUTERLAB, EXERCISE 1.2.4-2, SOLUTION

Abstract

Exercise 1.2.4-2 The cyclotron equation.

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1 1.2.4-2.a

The cyclotron equation writes

$$\cos \phi = \cos \phi_i - \frac{\pi}{eV} \left[\frac{\omega_{rf}}{2E_0\omega_{rev}} (E^2 - E_i^2) - (E - E_i) \right] \quad (1)$$

where the indec i denotes injection parameters, ϕ is the phase of the RF when the particle arrives at the accelerating gap, $E = W + E_0$ is the total energy with $E_0 = m_0 c^2$ the rest energy.

The value of W at maximum $\cos \phi$ is drawn from $d(\cos \phi)/dW = 0$ and writes

$$W_m = \left(\frac{\omega_{rev0}}{\omega_{rf}} - 1 \right) E_0 \quad (2)$$

$$\omega_{rf} = \omega_{rev0} / (1 + W_m/E_0) \quad (3)$$

Taking $W \approx 10 \text{ MeV} \approx 10^{-2} E_0$ one gets $\frac{\omega_{rev0}}{\omega_{rf}} \approx 1 + 10^{-2}$, $\omega_{rf} \approx 0.99 \omega_{rev0}$

Figure 1: Accelerated trajectory. Namely, a succession of half-circles, with increasing radius.

Optical sequence in zgoubi, accelerated orbit

```

Uniform field sector          1
'OBJET'
64.62444403717985           ! Reference: 200keV proton.
2                               ! Generate a
1 1                           ! single particle.
4.087013 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.3162126 'o' ! p[MeV/c]= 6.126278, Brho[kG.cm]= 20.435064, kin-E[keV]= 20
1
'PARTICUL'                  ! This is required only because we want to get the time-of-flight      2
PROTON

'FAISTORE'
zgoubi.fai #End               3
1
'TOSCA'
0 2
1. 1. 1. 1.
HEADER_8
315 151 1 22.1 1.           ! IZ=1 -> 2D ; MOD=22 -> polar map ; .MOD2=.1 -> one map file.
geneSectorMap_180deg.out
0 0 0 0
2
1.
2
0. 0. 0. 0.
'FAISCEAU'                   5

'CAVITE'
3                               ! dW = qVsin(phi_s), independent of time
0. 0.
100e3  1.57079632679        6

'TOSCA'
0 2
1. 1. 1. 1.
HEADER_8
315 151 1 22.1 1.           ! Just for the fun : field maps can be (linearly) superimposed.
geneSectorMap_180deg.out
0 0 0 0
2
1.
2
0. 0. 0. 0.

'FAISCEAU' #End               8

'CAVITE'
3                               ! dW = qVsin(phi_s), independent of time
0. 0.
100e3  1.57079632679        9

'FAISCEAU'                   10

'REBELOTE'                   11
60  1.1 99
!   K = 99 : coordinates at end of previous pass are used as initial
!   coordinates for the next pass ; idem for spin components.
!   Note that, (i) Y0 remains constant (due to the "microtron configuration"),
!   (ii) is updated by passage through CAVITE
'FAISCEAU'                   12

'SYSTEM'                      13
6
cp gnuplot_zgoubi.plt.cmd gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_temp.cmd
sed -i 's@pause 2@pause 0@g' gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_temp.cmd
gnuplot < gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_temp.cmd
mv -f gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_XYLab.eps gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_XYLab_acceleration.eps
okular gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_XYLab_acceleration.eps &
rm -f gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_temp.cmd

'END'                         14

```

Plot trajectories, using gnuplot

```

set title "Plotted from file zgoubi.plt  \n From zgoubi's polar frame to lab frame \n u ($10 *cm2m *cos($22)):($10 *cm2m *sin($22)) " font "
set key maxcol 1
set key t r
#set logscale y
set xtics mirror font "sans, 14"
set ytics mirror font "sans, 14"
set xlabel 'Y * cos(X) [m]' font "sans, 14"
set ylabel 'Y * sin(X) [m]' font "sans, 14"
cm2m = 0.01
MeV2eV = 1e6
am = 938.27203
c = 2.99792458e8
pi = 4. * atan(1.)
NOEL_1 = 4    #   number of 1st TOSCA in zgoubi,plt (col. 42)
NOEL_2 = 7    #   number of 2nd TOSCA in zgoubi,plt (col. 42)
set size ratio -1
plot \
'zgoubi.plt' u ($42==NOEL_1 ? $10 *cm2m *cos($22) :1/0):($10 *cm2m *sin($22)) w l lc rgb 'red' tit 'x\_\_lab, y\_\_lab' , \
'zgoubi.plt' u ($42==NOEL_2 ? $10 *cm2m *cos($22+pi) :1/0):($10 *cm2m *sin($22+pi)) w l lc rgb 'blue' notit
set terminal postscript eps blacktext color enh "Times-Sans" 12
set output "gnuplot_zgoubi.plt_XYLab_acceleration.eps"
replot
set terminal X11
unset output
pause 2  # don't change this: needed for proper running of sector180deg
exit

```

2 1.1-2.b - Momentum and energy, compare with theory

Theoretical curves need be added.

Figure 2: Momentum and total energy versus kinetic energy, compare with theory.

3 1.1-2.c - Normalized velocity, compare with theory

Theoretical curve need be added.

Figure 3: Normalized velocity $\beta = v/c$, compare with theory.

Plot trajectories, using gnuplot

```

set title "Plotted from file zgoubi.fai \n Isochronism: T(R) is not exactly constant" font "sans, 16 \n ~ "
set key maxcol 1
set key spac 3
set key t c font "Roman, 18"
#set logscale y

set xtics mirror font "sans, 16"
set ytics nomirror font "sans, 16"
set y2tics mirror font "sans, 16"

# set size ratio 1.

set xlabel "E_k [MeV]" font "sans, 18"
set ylabel "p [MeV/c]" font "sans, 18"
set y2label "E [MeV/c]" font "sans, 18"

cm2m = 0.01
MeV2eV = 1e6
am = 938.27203
c = 2.99792458e8

set xrange [0:]      # m
set yrange [0:]      # m

plot \
"zgoubi.fai" u ($24):($24):($25**2 -am*am) axes x1y1 w p pt 4 lc rgb "red" tit "p(E_k)" , \
"zgoubi.fai" u ($24):($25) axes x1y2 w p pt 5 lc rgb "blue" tit "E(E_k)"

#      set terminal postscript eps blacktext color enh size 8cm,8cm "Times-Sans" 16
#      set terminal postscript eps blacktext color enh "Times-Sans" 16
#      set output "gnuplot_zgoubi.fai_E.vs.Ek.eps"
#      replot
#      set terminal X11
#      unset output

pause 1

set xtics mirror font "sans, 16"
set ytics mirror font "sans, 16"
unset y2tics

# set size ratio 1.

set xlabel "E_k [MeV]" font "sans, 18"
set ylabel "v/c" font "sans, 18"
unset y2label

plot \
"zgoubi.fai" u ($24):($24):($25**2 -am*am)/$25 axes x1y1 w p pt 4 lc rgb "red" tit "{/Symbol b}(E_k)"

#      set terminal postscript eps blacktext color enh size 8cm,8cm "Times-Sans" 16
#      set terminal postscript eps blacktext color enh "Times-Sans" 16
#      set output "gnuplot_zgoubi.fai_bta.vs.Ek.eps"
#      replot
#      set terminal X11
#      unset output

pause 1
exit

```