Homework 17 Problem 1. 20 points. 1D emittance

For an ensemble or a distribution function of particles 1D geometrical emittance is defined as

$$\varepsilon_{y}^{2} = \langle y^{2} \rangle \langle y'^{2} \rangle - \langle yy' \rangle^{2};$$

$$\langle g(y,y') \rangle = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N_{p}} g(y_{n},y'_{n})}{N_{p}} = \int f(y,y')g(y,y')dydy';$$

1. Show that the emittance is invariant to a Canonical linear (symplectic matrix) transformation of

 $\begin{bmatrix} y \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{bmatrix} y \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$ Note: use the fact that $\varepsilon_{y}^{2} = \det \Sigma; \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \langle y^{2} \rangle & \langle yy' \rangle \\ \langle yy' \rangle & \langle y'^{2} \rangle \end{bmatrix}$; and find transformation rule for

the Σ matrix.

2. For one-dimensional betatron (y) distribution find components of eigen vector \mathbf{w}_{y} and $\mathbf{w'}_{y}$ generating a given (positively defined)

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \langle y^2 \rangle & \langle yy' \rangle \\ \langle yy' \rangle & \langle y'^2 \rangle \end{bmatrix}$$

This operation is called matching the beam into the beam-line optics.

Solution.

Problem 1. (1) Let's prove that

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{y} \\ \tilde{y}' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{X}_1 \\ \tilde{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{bmatrix} y \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \tilde{\Sigma} = M \Sigma M^T$$

by observing that

$$\begin{split} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{ij} &= \left\langle X_i X_j \right\rangle; \\ \boldsymbol{\tilde{\Sigma}}_{ij} &= \boldsymbol{\tilde{\Sigma}}_{ji} = \left\langle \boldsymbol{\tilde{X}}_i \boldsymbol{\tilde{X}}_j \right\rangle = \left\langle \boldsymbol{M}_{ik} X_k X_n \boldsymbol{M}_{nj} \right\rangle = \\ &= \boldsymbol{M}_{ik} \left\langle X_k X_n \right\rangle \boldsymbol{M}_{nj} = \boldsymbol{M}_{ik} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{ij} \boldsymbol{M}_{nj} \end{split}$$

(where we use the fact that one can extract constants from the averaging brakets) which in matrix form is equivalent to

$$\tilde{\Sigma} = M \Sigma M^{T}$$

The rest is easy since $\det M = 1$:

$$\det \tilde{\Sigma} = \det M \det \Sigma \det M^{T} = \det \Sigma$$

Shorter proof: $\Sigma = X \otimes X^{T} \rightarrow \tilde{\Sigma} = \tilde{X} \otimes \tilde{X}^{T} = M \cdot X \otimes X^{T} \cdot M^{T} = M \cdot \Sigma \cdot M^{T} #$

(2) Let's remember that

$$y = aw_y \cos\psi_y; \ y' = a\left(w'_y \cos\psi_y - \frac{1}{w_y}\sin\psi_y\right)$$

and calculate averages using randomness of particles' phases

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \cos^{2} \psi_{y} \right\rangle &= \frac{1}{2}; \left\langle \cos \psi_{y} \sin \psi_{y} \right\rangle = 0; \left\langle \sin^{2} \psi_{y} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2}; \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2} = \varepsilon_{y} \\ \left\langle y^{2} \right\rangle &= \left\langle a^{2} w_{y}^{2} \cos^{2} \psi_{y} \right\rangle = w_{y}^{2} \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2} = \beta_{y} \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2}; \\ \left\langle yy' \right\rangle &= \left\langle a^{2} w_{y} \cos \psi_{y} \left(w_{y}' \cos \psi_{y} - \frac{1}{w_{y}} \sin \psi_{y} \right) \right\rangle = w_{y} w_{y}' \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2} = -\alpha_{y} \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2}; \\ \left\langle y'^{2} \right\rangle &= \left\langle a^{2} \left(w_{y}' \cos \psi_{y} - \frac{1}{w_{y}} \sin \psi_{y} \right)^{2} \right\rangle = \frac{1 + \left(w_{y}' w_{y} \right)^{2}}{w_{y}^{2}} \frac{\left\langle a^{2} \right\rangle}{2} = \frac{1 + \alpha_{y}^{2}}{\beta_{y}}. \\ \Sigma &= \left[\left(\frac{\left\langle y^{2} \right\rangle}{\left\langle yy' \right\rangle} \left\langle yy' \right\rangle}{\left\langle y'^{2} \right\rangle} \right] = \varepsilon_{y} \left[\frac{\beta_{y}}{-\alpha_{y}} \frac{-\alpha_{y}}{\beta_{y}} \right]. \end{split}$$

Thus, for 1D case it one can use this relation to design matched lattice for a given Σ matrix of the beam – for example at injection point into a storage ring. This matching minimizes RMS amplitudes of particles oscillation in the storage ring.